## MAP Growth K-2 Assessment Content

READING \& MATHEMATICS, K-2

MAP ${ }^{*}$ Growth ${ }^{\text {TM }} \mathrm{K}-2$ is not a single assessment, but a trio of computer-based assessment components:

- Screening
- Skills Checklists
- Growth

Growth (adaptive, appropriate for universal screening and growth measurement) is the central component, which can be supplemented with the Screening tests and Skills Checklists to dig more deeply into foundational skills throughout the year.

The Screening assessments provide baseline information for new students in the earliest stages of learning (e.g., in kindergarten).

The Skills Checklist assessments provide information about specific skills and concepts (e.g., phonological awareness, phonics and concepts of print within reading, and number sense and computation within mathematics). They can be administered as many times as necessary during the school year, at the teacher's discretion. For instance, they can be used in between Growth assessments to determine which skills require the greatest focus.

The Growth assessments within MAP Growth and MAP Growth $\mathrm{K}-2$ are recognized by the Center on Response to Intervention as universal screening tools. They adapt to the level of difficulty appropriate for each student, and are designed to be administered up to four times a year (fall, winter, spring, and summer). They provide growth data (using the stable RIT scale to track growth within and across grades), and a Lexile range for reading. Teachers use these adaptive assessments to identify skills most appropriate for instruction based on each student's performance, regardless of whether the student is on, above, or below grade level.

The key content areas covered are:

| Literacy | Mathematics |
| :--- | :--- |
| Foundational Skills | Operations and Algebraic |
| Language and Writing | Thinking |
| Literature and | Number and Operations |
| Informational | Measurement and Data |
| Vocabulary Use Geometry <br> and Functions  |  |

Following is a breakdown of the skills assessed in each of the MAP Growth K-2 assessments.

## Screening

There are two screening assessments: one for early literacy and another for mathematics. The numbers in parentheses below represent the number of items on each assessment.

## EARLY LITERACY (33 ITEMS)

## Phonological Awareness

Matching sounds
Rhyming
Manipulating sounds

## Visual Discrimination/Phonics

Visual discrimination
Letter identifications
Matching sounds to letters

## Concepts of Print

Understanding pre-reading behaviors
Orientation to the page
Identify title/author
Counting words

## EARLY NUMERACY (34 ITEMS)

## Number Sense

Rote counting: counts to a number
One-to-one correspondence 1-10, 11-20
Matches and identifies numerals 1-10, 11-20
Identifies numbers of objects: more/fewer

## Computation

Computes with manipulatives: moving objects
Computes with manipulatives: numerical answer

## Skills Checklists

There is an individual assessment for each skill area. Below, you can see each available assessment highlighted in gray, followed by a list of sub-skills that are covered on it. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of items on each assessment.

## READING

## Phonological Awareness (37)

Rhyming
Identifying number of syllables (one, two, and three) Blending

## Letter Identification (54)

Upper case and lower case

## Phonemic Awareness: Phoneme Identification (46)

Initial and final consonants
Middle vowels

## Phonemic Awareness: Manipulation of Sounds (37)

Blending of sounds
Substitution of sounds: beginning, middle, and end Deletion of sounds

## Phonics: Matching Letters to Sounds (33)

Consonant and vowel sounds

Syllable Types: Vowel, Digraphs/Diphthongs (23)
Digraphs and diphthongs

Syllable Types: CVC, CVCe, R-Controlled (16)

## CVC and CVCe

R-Controlled

Decoding Consonant Blends/Digraphs (49)
Initial and final blends
Initial and final digraphs

Decoding: Spelling Patterns/Word Families (20)
Word families

Decoding: Multi-Syllable Words, Affixes, Open/C+le (33)
Inflectional endings
Prefixes and suffixes
Open and closed/C+le syllables

## MATHEMATICS

## Number Sense to 10-Counting, Ordering, Place Value (35)

Counts to 10: forwards and backwards
One-to-one correspondence
Identifies position: first, last and 1st-10th
Compares numbers using words
Groups objects into 10s

Number Sense to 10—Identifying/Representing (38)
Names numerals
Represents numerals correctly
Composes and decomposes numbers Identifies or represents whole, part of, half Identifies a penny, a nickel, and a dime Identifies name of coin worth $1 \not \subset, 5 \notin, 10 \notin$

Number Sense to 20-Counting, Place Value (27)
Counts by 1s, 2s, and 5 s
Counts backwards
Counts on from any number by 1s
One-to-one correspondence
Groups objects into 10s and 1s

## Number Sense to 20-Ordering (32)

Identifies position: 11th to 20th
Compares numbers 1-20 using words
Identifies number 1 more/less than a given number Identifies numbers between two given numbers Compares the value of one coin to another: penny, nickel, dime

Number Sense to 20-Identifying/Representing (38)
Identifies numerals and represents numbers
Composes and decomposes numbers
Identifies multiple ways of representing numbers
Identifies or represents 1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4

Number Sense to 100—Place Value (22)
Identifies standard form name
Identifies number of sets given pictures
Identifies number of sets given numbers
Reorganizes groups of 10s and 1s

Number Sense to 100-Counting (23)
Counts on by $1 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{~s}, 5 \mathrm{~s}$, and 10 s
Counts by 10s to 100

## MATHEMATICS

## Number Sense to 100-Ordering (27)

Compares numbers
Identifies number 1 > and < a given number Identifies numbers between two given numbers Orders and compares the value of coins

Number Sense to 100-Identifying/Representing (38)
Identifies numerals and represents numbers Composes and decomposes numbers Identifies multiple ways of representing numbers Fractions: thirds
Money

## Number Sense to 1000-Place Value (23)

Groups objects into 100s, 10s, and 1s
Identifies the number of $100 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$, and 1 s in a number
Identifies the standard form of a number from expanded form
Identifies multiple ways of showing the same number using place value

## Number Sense to 1000-Counting (26)

Counts by 3s
Counts on by 2 s and 5 s
Counts by 10s and 100s from numbers < 100 and > 100
Counts by 10 s from any multiple of 10
Counts on by 10s from any number

Number Sense to 1000—Identifying/Representing (34)
Identifies numerals and represents numbers
Composes and decomposes
Multiple ways of representing numbers
Fractions: eighths
Money

## Number Sense to 1000 - Ordering (37)

Compares numbers using words and symbols
Identifies number 10 less/more than a given number Identifies number 100 less/more than a given number Identifies numbers between two given numbers

## Computation to 10-Problem Solving (12)

Addition: story problems
Subtraction: story problems

## Computation to 10-Using Manipulatives (22)

Addition: computation and story problemsusing manipulatives
Subtraction: computation and story problemsusing manipulatives

## Computation to 10-Using Numbers (27)

Addition: two 1-digit numbers-horizontal and vertical Addition: three 1-digit numbers
Subtraction: two 1-digit numbers-horizontal and vertical

## Computation to 20-Problem Solving (12)

Addition: story problems
Subtraction: story problems

Computation to 20-Using Manipulatives (22)
Addition: computation and story problemsusing manipulatives
Subtraction: computation and story problemsusing manipulatives

## Computation to 20-Using Numbers (27)

Addition: two 1-digit numbers - horizontal and vertical Addition: three 1-digit numbers
Subtraction: two 1-digit numbershorizontal and vertical

## Computation to 100-w/Regrouping-

Using Manipulatives (22)
Addition and subtraction: using manipulatives
Multiplication: using manipulatives
Division: using manipulatives

## Computation to 100-No Regrouping-

Using Manipulatives (22)
Addition and subtraction: using manipulatives
Multiplication: using manipulatives
Division: using manipulatives

| Computation to $100-$ No Regrouping- |
| :--- |
| Problem Solving (27) |
| Addition: story problems |
| Subtraction: story problems |

## Computation to 100-No RegroupingUsing Numbers (37)

Addition: 1- or 2-digit numbers-horizontal/vertical
Addition: multiple 1- and 2-digit numbers
Subtraction: two 1- or 2-digit numbers-
horizontal/vertical
Multiplication: basic facts-horizontal/vertical

## MATHEMATICS

## Computation to 100-w/Regrouping- <br> Using Numbers (37)

Addition: two 1- or 2- digit numbershorizontal and vertical
Addition: multiple 1- and 2- digit numbers
Subtraction: two 1- or 2- digit numbershorizontal and vertical
Multiplication: 2- digit numbers <20 by
a 1-digit number
Division: basic facts

## Computation to 100-w/Regrouping- <br> PIm. Solving/Estim. (39)

Addition: story problems and estimation
Subtraction: story problems and estimation

## Computation to 1000—Using Manipulatives (22)

Addition, subtraction, and multiplication: using manipulatives
Division: using manipulatives (with remainders)

## Computation to 1000 -Using Numbers (23)

Addition: sums to 1000
Subtraction: minuend < 1000
Multiplication: 2- or 3-digit number by a 1- or
2-digit number
Division: numbers 100 or less by a 1- or 2-digit number

## Computation to 1000-Problem Solving and Estimation (34)

Addition: story problems and estimation
Subtraction: story problems and estimation
Multiplication: story problems
Division: story problem

## Growth

Growth is a single assessment in each subject: reading and mathematics. There are 43 items in each subject that count toward the student's score (6-8 items per instructional area), plus several field test items that do not count toward the score. Below, each section highlighted in gray represents an instructional area, followed by a list of instructional sub-areas, for the Common Core State Standard (CCSS) assessments.

## READING K-2 CCSS 2010

## Foundational Skills

Phonics and Word Recognition
Phonological Awareness
Print Concepts

## Language and Writing

Capitalize, Spell, Punctuate
Language: Grammar, Usage
Writing: Purposes: Plan, Develop, Edit

## Literature and Informational

Informational Text: Key Ideas, Details, Craft, Structure
Literature: Key Ideas, Craft, Structure

## Vocabulary Use and Functions

Language: Context Clues and References
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

## MATH K-2 CCSS 2010 V2

## Operations and Algebraic Thinking

Represent and Solve Problems
Properties of Operations

## Number and Operations

Understand Place Value, Counting, and Cardinality
Number and Operations: Base Ten and Fractions

## Measurement and Data

Solve Problems Involving Measurement
Represent and Interpret Data

## Geometry

Reason with Shapes and Their Attributes

